

2023-2024 MPIP Florida Medicaid Cesarean Section Rate Calculation Specifications

Description	The percentage of single liveborn Medicaid births in a practice (pay to provider) that were delivered via cesarean section (C-section).
	January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022
Initial Measurement Period	Plans must use this measurement period to calculate the C-section rate to determine which Identified Providers are qualified to receive the incentive payment as of October 1, 2023.
	July 1, 2023 - November 30, 2023
Re-measurement Period	Plans may use this re-measurement period to calculate the C-section rate to determine which Identified Providers are newly qualified to receive the incentive payment as of April 1, 2024. The re-measurement period cannot be used to remove an October 1, 2023, qualified provider from receiving the April 1, 2024 incentive payment.
	The number of unduplicated Medicaid recipients between the ages of 10 and 60 who meet each of the following criteria is included in the measure numerator: • Recipient's baby was delivered by a Provider who had a delivery date
	of service during the measurement period (see above for date spans for each period). Recipient had a single liveborn delivery (use codes in Table 1). Recipient had a delivery via a cesarean section (use codes in Table 2).
Numerator	 Recipient's baby was delivered by a Provider who had a delivery date of service during the measurement period (see above for date spans for each period). Recipient had a single liveborn delivery (use codes in Table 1). Recipient had a delivery via a cesarean section (use codes in Table 2).
	Plans must exclude births that have a diagnosis code listed in Table 4.
	The numerator should be calculated at the practice (pay to provider) level, rather than at the rendering/treating provider level.
	The number of unduplicated Medicaid recipients between the ages of 10-60 who meet each of the following criteria is included in the measure denominator:
Denominator	 Recipient's baby was delivered by a Provider who had a delivery date of service during the measurement period (see above for date spans for each period).
Denominator	 Recipient had a single liveborn delivery (use codes in Table 1). Recipient had a delivery via a vaginal or cesarean section (use codes in Tables 2 and 3).
	Plans must exclude births that have a diagnosis code listed in Table 4.



	The denominator should be calculated at the practice (pay to provider) level, rather than at the rendering/treating provider level.
Calculation	Numerator * 100 Denominator * 100

Codes used to Identify Included Births

Table 1: ICD-10 Diagnosis Codes for identifying Singleton Liveborn

ICD-10	Description
Z370	Single liveborn

Table 2: CPT Procedure Codes for Identifying Cesarean Section Deliveries

CPT Procedure	CPT Procedure Code Description
59510	Global code: routine obstetric care including
	antepartum care, C-section delivery, and
	postpartum
59514	C-section delivery only
59515	C-section delivery including postpartum care
59618	Routine obstetric care including antepartum
	care, cesarean delivery, and postpartum care.
	Following an attempted vaginal delivery after
	previous C-section delivery.
59525	C-section delivery with removal of uterus
	(hysterectomy)
59620	Cesarean delivery only, following attempted
	vaginal delivery after previous cesarean
	delivery
59622	C-section delivery (following attempted vaginal
	delivery after previous C-section delivery;
	including postpartum care
540	APR – DRG Inpatient C-Section delivery,
	liveborn

Table 3: CPT Procedure Codes for Identifying Vaginal Deliveries

CPT Procedure	CPT Procedure Code Description
59400	Routine obstetric care including antepartum care, vaginal delivery (with or without episiotomy, and/or forceps) and postpartum care
59409	Vaginal delivery only (with or without episiotomy and/or forceps)



CPT Procedure	CPT Procedure Code Description
59410	Vaginal delivery only (with or without
	episiotomy and/or forceps); including postpartum care
59614	Vaginal delivery only, after previous cesarean delivery (with or without episiotomy and/or
	forceps); including postpartum care
59610	Routine obstetric care including antepartum
	care, vaginal delivery (with or without
	episiotomy, and/or forceps) and postpartum
	care, after previous cesarean delivery
59612	Vaginal Delivery Only, after previous cesarean section (with or without episiotomy, and/or
	forceps).
APR-DRG Codes	APR-DRG Description
541	Vaginal delivery with sterilization and/or D&C
542	Vaginal delivery with complicating procedures
	exc sterilization and/or D&C
560	Vaginal Delivery

Codes Used to Identify Excluded Births

Table 4: ICD-10 Diagnosis Codes for identifying Stillborn and Multiple Gestation Births

ICD-10	Description
Z37.1	Outcome of delivery, single stillborn
Z37.2	Outcome of delivery, twins, both liveborn
Z37.3	Twins, one liveborn and one stillborn
Z37.4	Twins, both stillborn
Z37.50	Multiple births, unspecified, all liveborn
Z37.51	Triplets, all liveborn
Z37.52	Quadruplets, all liveborn
Z37.53	Quintuplets, all liveborn
Z37.54	Sextuplets, all liveborn
Z37.59	Other multiple births, all liveborn
Z37.60	Multiple births, unspecified, some liveborn
Z37.61	Triplets, some liveborn
Z37.62	Quadruplets, some liveborn
Z37.63	Quintuplets, some liveborn
Z37.64	Sextuplets, some liveborn
Z37.69	Other multiple births, some liveborn
Z37.7	Other multiple births, all stillborn
O36.4XXØ	Stillborn or intrauterine death
O3Ø.ØØ9	Twin pregnancy, unspecified number of placenta and unspecified number of amniotic sacs, unspecified trimester
O30.109	Triplet pregnancy, unspecified number of placenta and unspecified number of amniotic sacs, unspecified trimester



ICD-10	Description
O30.209	Quadruplet pregnancy, unspecified number of placenta and unspecified number of amniotic sacs, unspecified trimester
O30.899	Other specified multiple gestation, unable to determine number of placenta & number of amniotic sacs, unspecified trimester
O3Ø.91 O3Ø.92 O3Ø.93	Multiple gestations, unspecified first, second, or third trimester